

ACTIVE LEARNING TEMPLATE: *Basic Concept*

STUDENT NAME _____

CONCEPT _____ REVIEW MODULE CHAPTER _____

Related Content

(E.G., DELEGATION,
LEVELS OF PREVENTION,
ADVANCE DIRECTIVES)

Advocacy in nursing is to hold on to the tight procedures as well as the competencies that will ensure that the patient is safe. When the patient is the top priority it also elevates the nursing profession to a higher level. Advocacy in nursing is commonly emphasized by nursing organizations by providing effective nursing care and experiences for the betterment of the patient's health. It is therefore the duty and responsibility of the nurse to take work delegated with a lot of consideration and seriousness in order to ensure that there is maximum benefit accorded to the patient.

Underlying Principles

1. Justice

All the patients ought to be treated equally and fairly. It is therefore the duty of each nurse to decide the amount of time they spend with each client as well as the resource distribution.

2. Fidelity

All the nurses ought to be faithful, fair, loyal and dedicated to serve their clients based on the virtue of caring.

3. Paternalism

Healthcare professionals have to decide what is the best for the patients and make the best decisions for their patients in terms of diagnosis, therapy or prognosis.

4. Totality and integrity

The nurse or the health care professional ought to decide which therapies, procedures or medication is necessary for the patient to undergo. This helps in eradicating any undesirable side effects on the patient.

Nursing Interventions

WHO? WHEN? WHY? HOW?

Nurses spend a considerable amount of time to evaluate patients in all dimensions. For example, psychological, physical and making the necessary decisions on care and health benefits of the patient. Nursing interventions should be critical and logical with the intention to help patients in obtaining the appropriate health care and ensure that quality health care is achieved. It is therefore important for nurses to be flexible and influential to the characteristics of different medical individuals, medical conditions, environments and organizations in order to make the right decisions in the profession.